Central Intelligence Agency

- (b) Demand means any subpoena, order, or other legal summons (except garnishment orders) that is issued by a federal, state, or local governmental entity of competent jurisdiction with the authority to require a response on a particular matter, or a request for appearance of an individual where a demand could issue.
- (c) *Employee* means any officer, any staff, contract, or other employee of CIA; any person including independent contractors associated with or acting on behalf of CIA; and any person formerly having such a relationship with CIA
- (d) Production or produce means the disclosure of:
- (1) Any material contained in the files of CIA; or
- (2) Any information relating to material contained in the files of CIA, including but not limited to summaries of such information or material, or opinions based on such information or material; or
- (3) Any information acquired by persons while such persons were employees of CIA as a part of the performance of their official duties or because of their official status or association with CIA:

in response to a demand upon an employee of CIA.

(e) General Counsel includes the Deputy General Counsel or Acting General Counsel.

§1905.3 General.

- (a) No employee shall produce any materials or information in response to a demand without prior authorization as set forth in this part. This part applies to former employees to the extent consistent with applicable nondisclosure agreements.
- (b) This part is intended only to provide procedures for responding to demands for production of documents or information, and is not intended to, does not, and may not be relied upon to, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable by any party against the United States.

§ 1905.4 Procedure for production.

(a) Whenever a demand for production is made upon an employee, the employee shall immediately notify the

- Litigation Division, Office of General Counsel, Central Intelligence Agency, Washington, DC 20505 (703/874–3118), which shall follow the procedures set forth in this section.
- (b) The General Counsel of CIA and Deputy Directors or Heads of Independent Offices with responsibility for the information sought in the demand, or their designees, shall determine whether any information or materials may properly be produced in response to the demand, except that the Office of General Counsel may assert any and all legal defenses and objections to the demand available to CIA prior to the start of any search for information responsive to the demand. CIA may, in its sole discretion, decline to begin any search for information responsive to the demand until a final and non-appealable disposition of any such defenses and objections raised by CIA has been made by the entity or person that issued the demand.
- (c) CIA officials shall consider the following factors, among others, in reaching a decision:
- (1) Whether production is appropriate in light of any relevant privilege;
- (2) Whether production is appropriate under the applicable rules of discovery or the procedures governing the case or matter in which the demand arose; and
- (3) Whether any of the following circumstances apply:
- (i) Disclosure would violate a statute, including but not limited to the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 552a:
- (ii) Disclosure would be inconsistent with the statutory responsibility of the Director of Central Intelligence to protect intelligence sources and methods;
- (iii) Disclosure would violate a specific CIA regulation or directive:
- (iv) Disclosure would reveal classified information:
- (v) Disclosure would improperly reveal trade secrets or proprietary confidential information without the owner's consent; or
- (vi) Disclosure would unduly interfere with the orderly conduct of CIA's functions.
- (d) If oral or written testimony is sought by a demand in a case or matter